Digital Health: What is the Role of CME/CPD in a World of Wearables, Apps, and Other Technologies? Results and Implications of a Survey from the ACEHP Research Committee

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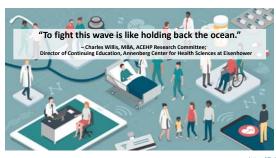
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Disclosures

- Andrew D. Bowser, ELS, CHCP, has no commercial relationships relevant to the content of this presentation.
- Wendy Turell, DrPH, FACEHP, has no commercial relationships relevant to the content of this presentation.

Review	Describe	Discuss	Solicit
Review quantitative and qualitative results of ACEHP survey on digital health	e Describe examples of digital health in HCP education	Discuss implications of the findings for future CME activity development, curriculum planning, strategic partnerships, and additional ACEHP communications or initiatives	Solicit further opinions on Digital Health and solicit your experiences (either as a consumer or as an educator) with these technologies
Objective	es .		



https://fr.123rf.com

Impact of Digital Technologies in CE/CME

"To fight this wave is like holding back the ocean."

Charles Willis, MBA, ACEHP Research Committee;
Director of Continuing Education, Annenberg Center for Health Sciences at Eisenhower

Rests on broader seismic shifts:

- Accretion of ever-more-sophisticated applications on phones and devices
- Development of the Internet of Things, with its proliferation of sensors
- Al will increasingly run analytics that can serve up useful findings to clinicians
- Patients will be shedding reams of data, eventually in real time (+/- privacy?)



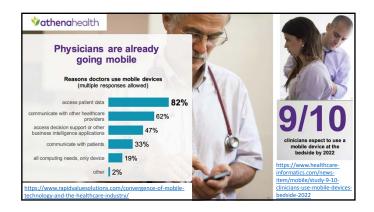
Digital Health: Technology to Improve Health Care

- Broadly defined as mobile health (apps), health information technology, wearable devices, telehealth and telemedicine, and personalized medicine (FDA.gov)¹
- Typical use cases: track symptoms, monitor progress, improve medication adherence, improve access to support and information, reduce costs, increase quality, personalize medicine
- Disease areas: diabetes, hypertension, pulmonary (eg, COPD), cancer, dermatology (eg, acne, psoriasis), etc.
- Generally speaking, digital health tools:
 Collect patient-generated health data

 - Provide individualized feedback
 Aggregate patient-reported clinical and outcomes data
 Potential to track and change meaningful clinical outcomes in a population

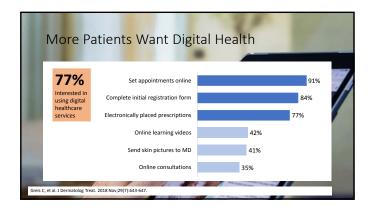
1. U.S. Food and Drug Administration. Digital Health. https://www.fda.gov/medicaldevices/digitalhealth/

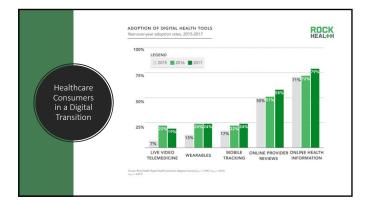














Digital Health and Education

- Education is at the core of successful digital health interventions in chronic disease
 Improve health literacy
 Patients need education about their disease, lifestyle modifications, and treatment adherence that can impact physical and mental health functioning
- impact physical and mental nealth functioning impact physical and mental nealth the new paradigm of integrating digital health technologies and the resulting patient-reported outcomes (PROs) into their clinical workflow

 Creates problems/*gaps* that are familiar to CME/CPD (eg. information overload)

 - Patients are turning to providers with questions and data!



Digital Health: Information Overload

- KardiaBand: "FDA-Cleared EKG at Your Fingertips"
- Created a flood of (potentially useful) info that overwhelmed doctors, instead of assisting them
- Doctors didn't want to—and didn't have time to—pore over a patient's longitudinal heart rate data
- Confusion ensued as doctors got an email every time a patient took an EKG reading



Sources: AliveCor; Wakabayashi D. New York Times. Dec. 26, 2017; Krasny I. MedPage Today. Sept. 13, 2018.

Your finger can tell you a lot about your heart. 10:09 24sec It helps to rest your arms on a table or your legs.

Care Traffic Controllers: Diabetes Care in 5-10 Years

- Patients monitor blood glucose via digital device
- Al evaluates results (eg, "You're doing great!" or "Looks like you should increase insulin by 2 units")
- PROBLEM: 2000 digital patients = overwhelmed MD
- 2000 digital patients = overwnetmeu vnu
 New layer:
 "Care traffic controller" may be NP with
 some advanced technology expertise
 Monitor hundreds or thousands of patients
 in real time
 2ero in on patients of immediate concern
 Contact via video chat
 If needed, schedule office visit (assuming the
 doctor still has a physical office)



urce: Interview with Robert Wachter, MD, author of The Digital Doctor, on The Pulse (WHYY). Mar. 23, 2018.

Rationale

- Experience incorporating Digital Health into CME/CPD initiative remains very limited
- Depth of awareness and knowledge of Digital Health among CME/CPD professionals is unknown
- AIMS:

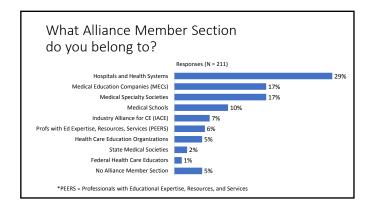
 - Survey the ACEHP membership to assess current attitudes, knowledge, and experience with Digital Health
 Establish a baseline understanding of awareness, understanding, and adoption of Digital Health in the CME/CPD community

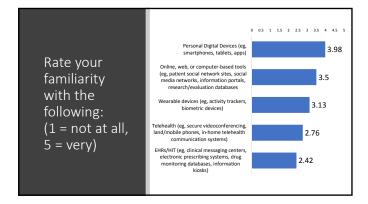


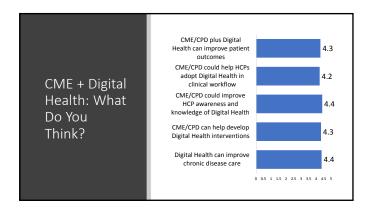
ACEHP Membership Survey: Methods

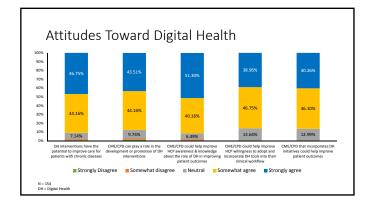
- Brief, 9-question survey
- Participants recruited via ACEHP emails
- 2,330 total distribution (est.)
- 211 responses received











"Do you have any personal experience using any of the above (eg, smartphones, apps, wearables, EHRs/HIT, online tools, telehealth) to monitor or track a health condition? If so, please describe:"

• Response N = 130/210 (62%)

• Smart phone apps (53) (eg, activity tracker)

• Fitbit (29)

• Patient portal (10)

• Apple Watch (9)

I have an app on my phone that links to my EHRs ol can access test results, reports, message my docs etc.

I have used a wearable to track activity and sleep for a few years, I also use a mobile app to track coloric intake (occasionally).

Do you have any professional experience integrating any of the above (eg, smartphones, apps, wearables, EHRs/HIT, online tools, telehealth) into an educational activity? If so, please provide describe the intervention and whether digital health added value to the activity:

• Response N = 104/210 (50%)
• Outcomes not detailed, and there is confusion about:

□ Digital delivery of CE with incorporation of content about digital health tools in the CE

• 59 of the 104 comments mention tools like LMS, PollEverywhere, GoToMeeting, Slido, Dropbox in responses

A screening program for atrial fibrillation uses electronic EKG scanners to identify individuals with possible atrial fibrillation. The technology is integral to the activity.

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How to integrate digital health into patient care?	
Is the field of CME/CPD prepared to address digital health integration?	
Feeling underinformed	
Need for additional exposure to information about digital health	(A) (A)
Privacy + regulations	
Need to address data/privacy breaches and concerns	
Cost + support	
Who will fund digital health education?	
Efficacy	
Research on outcomes still in infancy	
Patient perspective	
Need better understanding of patient perspective	

Qualitative Res	ults: Additional points
Discrepancies and Misinformation revealed re "digital tools" understanding of vs. use of personal use vs. professional use Digital delivery of CME/CE vs. integration of digital tools in CME/CE Respondents understood the use of apps for tracking their own health measures (diets, diabetes blood sugar readings, blood pressure, etc.)	We have incorporated a meeting website for our workshops [and removed the] printed agenda Participants appreciate the ability to take notes on their tablet or laptops during the workshop and email it to themselves. CloudCME app for polling pre and post knowledge questions and answers
 Responses did NOT reflect incorporation of tools into CE activities 	is "digital health" really the best term to describe what we're talking about here? Is
 Many were forthcoming about their LACK of knowledge and need for info/training/resources 	the maining clear to those both inside and outside the Alliance?

Examples of digital health initiatives that involve CME/CPD

Guideline Clinical App	"10 Points" summaries, and tools such as risk scores, calculators and algorithms.	procedures for	anticoagulation around non-invasive nonvalvular AF patients. Provides roagulation interruption, bridging, and			
ASCVD Risk Estimator	Helps clinicians and their patients estimate 10-year and lifetime risks for ASCVD. Includes guideline reference information for both providers and patients related to therapy, monitoring, and lifestyle.	ICD/CRT clinicians asses	on and documentation support for sing the suitability of ICD implantation kelihood of CMS coverage for these			
LDL-C Manager	Helps clinicians reduce ASCVD risk by managing LDL-C. The app guides clinicians through one continuous lipid- lowering process by linking the ASCVD Risk Estimator, Statin Intolerance app, and the brand new Lipid-	DAPT Risk continuation of months post-P	on support for clinicians evaluating the f DAPT therapy for patients at least 12 Cl procedure, and the risk/benefit of liscontinuing DAPT.			
Statin Intolerance	Lowering Therapy toel Guides clinicians through the process of evaluating possible intolerance to a patient's current statin prescription, follow steps to manage a patient who reports muscle symptoms on a statin, and compare statin to inform management of DLI-related risk.	TAVR In-hospital hospital morta TAVR as a treat Risk Mortality App patient's morta	is in determining the predicted in- lity risk of a patient who is considering trient option for ANR. Evaluate a slity risk and compare it to the nationa on STS/ACC TVT Registry data.			
AnticoagEvaluato	For clinicians treating patients with nonvalvular chronic atrial fibrillation. Determine individualized f stroke and bleeding risk and assess the best antithrombotic therapy for patients.					
		Downloadable online at www.acc.org/apps or available by QR code		MERICAN OLLEGE of ARDIOLOGY		

ACC Activity (Live): Core Curriculum for the Cardiovascular Clinician Hands-on breakout session: ACC Point of Care Tools: Evaluation Outcomes* Anecdotal remarks "I think the apps/tools that were suggested are sufficient to help with quality improvement" Plan to make a change in Use of clinical apps & N=41/80 (51%) change in primary practice "More apps and shortcuts to help make it easier to navigate the guidelines" "More quick tools for guidelines" apps & resources Plan to Clinical apps & N=34/680 "Use of guideline directed therapy & the ACC guideline apps in practice" overcome barriers to change "Having & utilizing more guideline based materials on my smart phone" "Ensuring I constantly use the apps to check the guidelines & treat patients with GMDT" Changes I plan Use of online N=81/85 to implement tools (95%)

American Academy of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation (AAPM&R)* – slide 1

- Background: Physiatrists use ultrasound in the outpatient setting to:
 - Evaluate for soft tissue abnormalities in commonly examined joints and structures
 - Guide injections

*Thanks to ACC's Ellen Cohen, CHCP for this example

- Improve placement of needles for delivery of treatment without exposure to ionizing radiation
- Goal: instruct physiatrists on better use of ultrasound
- Tool: app on iPad mimics ultrasound machine
 - Includes library of scans, videos on procedures like joint injections
 - 3-D anatomy feature: "Peelaway" function allows learner to look deep into muscle structures
- *Thanks to AAPM&R's Rebecca DeVivo, Jose Lopez, Brian Thompson

American Academy of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation (AAPM&R)* - slide 2

- Educational intervention:
 - Hands-on courses offered instruction on how to use ultrasound
 - $\bullet\,$ iPads were outside resource of courses not integral part of the education
- Outcomes: Extends learning of live course
 - In past, participants would get bored between sessions and stand around
 - App increases interactivity; students engage around iPads loaded with the
- Interesting fact: App developed to teach 3rd-world nurses how to perform ultrasound on women to save their and their babies' lives https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dBUxMyXU1z4
- *Thanks to AAPM&R's Rebecca DeVivo, Jose Lopez, Brian Thompson

Topics for potential CE activities using digital health tools

Examples based on real-world experiences (AMIA):

- Medical students and pediatricians work together to involve pediatric patients and their caregivers in their care using tech and virtual educational interventions (eg, disease management websites and chat rooms)
- Use patient upload of images to Patient Portal to reduce 1) patient burden on long, difficult travel for 5-minute office visit, and 2) unbillable post-procedure office visits for chemo port placement
- Digital drawing app for early detection of dementia to improve clinician's performance of cognitive assessment (1-minute video): https://tinyurl.com/y88rt3tj

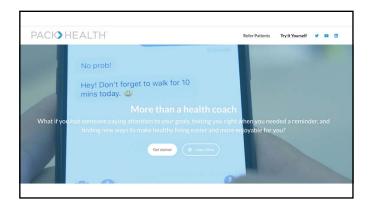
Hypertension Summit

- Mississippi many rural areas with NO physicians. 53 of 82 counties located 40+ minutes from any type of specialty care
- Clinicians depend heavily on telehealth for treatment and monitoring of patients AND for delivery of continuing education for clinicians
- Hypertension Summit: Annual event, originally from a GE grant.
 Focus on community health, home monitoring of hypertension and comorbidities; uses of telehealth and at-home monitoring devices

Patients in the initial grant/trial used an iPad-based device to monitor and send data to HCP, who helped them regulate



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Effectiveness of Pack Health Digital Health Coaching in Psoriasis CME

- Digital health coaching outcomes vs. baseline demonstrated that engaging patients in the management of their psoriasis results in both clinical and behavioral improvements
 - Improvement in mental health using PROMIS (p = .003)
 - Physical health improvements using PROMIS (p = 0.12)
 - $\bullet \ \ \text{Reduction in severe psoriasis symptoms}$
 - Increase in confidence managing psoriasis symptoms (p = .008)



Reiter J, Perez J, Tordoff S, Faler W, Srivastava U. Presented at Fall Clinical Dermatology Conference-2017. October 12-15, 2017, Las Vegas, N

Conclusions

Questions	for	vou

- How familiar are you with digital health -- personal digital devices (eg, smartphones, tablets, apps), wearable devices, online health-oriented tools, voice-activated devices (eg, Alexa), etc.?
- Have you used digital health devices to monitor or track a health condition?
- Do you, or anyone you know, have experience with Digital Health in
- Do you think Digital Health interventions have the potential to improve care for patients with chronic diseases?

Questions for You (continued)

- What is the role of CME/CPD in Digital Health?

 - Developing or promoting of Digital Health interventions
 Improving HCP awareness and knowledge about Digital Health
 - Improving HCP competence or performance in using Digital Health tools (ie, training)
 - Improve patient outcomes through improved HCP knowledge, competence and performance
 - Improve HCP confidence or willingness to adopt Digital Health tools in clinical workflow
 - Helping HCPs overcome digital overload

Questions for You (continued)

- Would you like to see any of the following:
 - Review of educational literature, presentations, and CME provider websites to assess digital health attitudes and experience to date
 - Interviews with community members with interest or experience in Digital Health
 - Almanac article on Digital Health and CME
 - Recommendations for ACEHP/CME community regarding next actions on Digital Health
 - Establishment of a Digital Health working group
 - Digital Health content at annual/regional conferences

THANK YOU
from the
ACEHP
Research
Committee

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→ Would you be willing to participate in a follow-up telephone survey to discuss attitudes and perceptions of Digital Health in the CME/CPD community?

- Elizabeth G. Franklin
- Alexandra Howson
- Carla Jones
- Jan Perez
- Greg Salinas
 Pesha Rubinstein
- Charles Willis
- Amanda Browe, ACEHP Coordinator